VILLAGE OF PORT ALICE Financial Statements December 31, 2019

Index to the Financial Statements December 31, 2019	
MANAGEMENT REPORT	1
INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT	2-3
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	
Statement of Financial Position Statement of Operations Statement of Change in Net Financial Assets Statement of Cash Flows	4 5 6 7
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	8-19
SCHEDULES	
Schedule 1 - Government Grants and Transfers to the Village and Ratepayers Schedule 2 - Combined Statement of Operations by Segment (2019) Schedule 3 - Combined Statement of Operations by Segment (2018) Schedule 4 - Reserve Fund Transactions	20 21 22 23

MANAGEMENT REPORT

December 31, 2019

The Council of the Village of Port Alice has delegated the responsibility for the integrity and objectivity of the financial information contained in the financial statements to the management of the Village of Port Alice. The financial statements which, in part, are based on informed judgments and estimates, have been prepared by management in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards, which have been applied on a basis consistent with that of the preceding year.

To assist in carrying out their responsibility, management maintains an accounting system and internal controls to provide reasonable assurance that transactions are properly authorized and recorded in compliance with legislative and regulatory requirements and that financial records are reliable for preparation of the financial statements. These systems are monitored and evaluated by management.

The Village of Port Alice's independent auditors, Chan Nowosad Boates Inc., Chartered Professional Accountants, are engaged to express an opinion as to whether these financial statements present fairly the Village of Port Alice's financial position and operating results in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards. Their opinion is based on procedures they consider sufficient to support such an opinion.

The financial statements have, in management's opinion, been properly prepared within reasonable limits of materiality and in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards. These statements present, in all significant respects the financial position of the Village of Port Alice as at December 31, 2019.

Ms. Bonnie Dany CAO, CFO

May 13, 2020



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Mayor and Council of the Village of Port Alice

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the Village of Port Alice (the "Village"), which comprise the statement of financial position as at December 31, 2019, the statement of operations and changes in net financial assets and cash flows for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information (hereinafter referred to as the "financial statements").

In our opinion, the Village's financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Village as at December 31, 2019, and of its financial performance and its cash flows for the year then ended. The financial statements have been prepared by management in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards.

Emphasis of Matter

As at December 31, 2019 as well as the date of this audit report Neucel Specialty Cellulose had not paid their 2019 or 2018 assessed property taxes as well as other municipal tax amounts which totalled approximately \$1,816,999 at December 31, 2019. Management of the Village and the Village Mayor and Council have asserted that the receivable may not be collectible in full by way of future payment or the eventual tax sale of the land and associated buildings and assets on the land. As a result an allowance for the above described amount receivable has been provided for in full.

Management of the Village and the Village Mayor and Council assert that while the Village's largest tax payer has not paid their outstanding tax amount owing to the Village, that the Village has sufficient cash, investment resources and other sources of income to continue operations into the foreseeable future. Our audit opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Basis of Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report.

We are independent of the Village in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Canada, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis of our opinion.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Village's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management intends for the Village to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for over-seeing the Village's financial reporting process.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion.

Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of the users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design
 and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to
 provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than
 for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the
 override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are
 appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the
 Village's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Village's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Village to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of
 the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify
 during our audit.

Chan Noursed Bostos

Chartered Professional Accountants Campbell River, BC

May 13, 2020

Statement of Financial Position		
December 31, 2019	2019	2018 (Note 18)
	\$	\$
FINANCIAL ASSETS		
Cash	595,197	400,278
Portfolio Investments (Note 2)	2,869,636	3,021,262
Accounts Receivable (Note 3)	144,960	563,248
Taxes and User Fees Receivable (Note 4)	146,228	1,177,552
Investment in NICFL and NICFLP (Note 5)	361,900	81,495
	4,117,921	5,243,835
LIABILITIES		
Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities	116,732	212,889
Deferred Grants and Unearned Revenue (Note 6)	30,968	47,892
Long Term Debt (Note 7)	467,008	485,967
	614,708	746,748
NET FINANCIAL ASSETS	3,503,213	4,497,087
NON-FINANCIAL ASSETS		
Tangible Capital Assets (Note 9)	9,470,374	9,185,443
Inventory	2,347	21,447
•	9,472,721	9,206,890
ACCUMULATED SURPLUS (Note 10)	12,975,934	13,703,977

Approved by:

Mar

Statement of Operations Year Ended December 31, 2019

real Ended December 31, 2019			
	2019		
	Budget	Actual	2018
_	\$	\$	\$
	(Note 16)		(Note 18)
Revenues (Schedules 2 and 3)			
Taxation - Net (Note 11)	876,700	875,091	1,106,144
Utility Connection Fees and User Rates	203,000	208,077	201,485
Government Grants - Federal (Schedule 1)	4,000	74,459	334,694
Government Grants - Provincial (Schedule 1)	847,980	531,437	929,796
Sales of Services	73,500	106,262	93,628
Equity Income NICFLP and NICFL (Note 5)	540	989,018	40,500
Other (Note 12)	120,500	253,357	204,152
	2,125.680	3.037.701	2,910,399
Expenditures (Schedules 2 and 3)			
General Departmental Expenditures	1,651,895	3,441,366	1,646,353
Water System Operations	73,518	66,831	80,521
Sewer System Operations	239,361	262,257	181,254
	1,964,774	3,770,454	1,908,128
Annual Surplus (Deficit) Prior to Other Items	160,906	(732,753)	1,002,271
Gain on Disposal of Inventory	:20	4,710	÷
Loss on Disposal of Tangible Capital Assets		<u> </u>	(153,878)
Annual Surplus (Deficit)	160,906	(728,043)	848,393
Accumulated Surplus - Beginning of Year as Previously Stated		13,762,980	12,963,893
Prior Period Adjustment (Note 18)		(59,003)	_(108,309)
Accumulated Surplus - Beginning of Year as Restated		13,703,977	12,855,584
Accumulated Surplus - End of Year		12,975,934	13,703,977

Statement of Change in Net Financial Assets Year Ended December 31, 2019

	2019			
	Budget \$	Actual \$	2018 \$	
	(Note 16)		(Note 18)	
Annual Surplus (Deficit)	160,906	(728,043)	848,393	
Acquisition of Tangible Capital Assets Amortization of Tangible Capital Assets Loss on Disposal of Tangible Capital Assets Sale (Acquisition) of Inventory	(1,002,000) 438,074 	(723,005) 438,074 ————————————————————————————————————	(1,037,184) 369,219 153,878 (19,100) (533,187)	
Change in Net Financial Assets for the Year	_(242,114)	(993,874)	315,206	
Net Financial Assets - Beginning of Year		4,497,087	4,181,881	
Net Financial Assets - End of Year		3,503,213	4,497,087	

Statement of Cash Flows		
Year Ended December 31, 2019	2019	2018 (Note 18)
	\$	\$
Cash Flows From Operating Activities:		
Annual Surplus (Deficit) Items Not Involving Cash	(728,043)	848,393
Equity Income NICFLP and NICFL Amortization of Tangible Capital Assets	(989,018) 438,074	(40,500) 369,219
Changes in Non-Cash Operating Balances	(1,278,987)	1,177,112
Accounts and Taxes Receivable Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities Deferred Grants and Unearned Revenue	1,449,612 (96,157) (16,924)	(1,146,539) (22,498) (41,452)
Inventory	19,100 76,644	(19,100) (52,477)
Cash Flows From Capital Activities:		
Purchase of Tangible Capital Assets Loss on Disposal of Tangible Assets	(723,005) ———————————————————————————————————	(1,037,184) 153,878 (883,306)
Cash Flows From Investing Activities:		
Proceeds from Portfolio Investments Transfers from North Island Community Forest	151,626 708,613 860,239	255,860
Cash Flows From Financing Activities:		
Repayment of Long Term Debt	(18,959)	(17,529)
Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	194,919	(697,452)
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning of Year	400.278	1,097,730
Cash and Cash Equivalents - End of Year	595,197	400,278

Notes to the Financial Statements

December 31, 2019

The Village of Port Alice (the "Village") was incorporated as a municipality in 1965 under the provisions of the British Columbia Municipal Act. Its principal activities are the provision of local government services to the residents of the Village. These services include fire protection, public works, planning, parks and recreation, water distribution and sewer collection, and other general government services, as governed by the Community Charter and Local Government Act.

1. Significant Accounting Policies:

a) Basis of Presentation:

The Village prepares its financial statements in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards using guidelines developed by the Public Sector Accounting Board ("PSAB") for the Chartered Professional Accountants of Canada.

b) Investments:

Portfolio investments are recorded at fair value. The investments in Island Community Forest Ltd. and North Island Community Forest Limited Partnership are recorded using the modified equity method.

c) Tangible Capital Assets:

Tangible capital assets are recorded at cost less accumulated amortization and are classified according to their functional use. Cost includes amounts that are directly related to the acquisition, design, construction, development, improvement or betterment of the assets. Amortization is recorded on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful life of the tangible capital asset commencing once the asset is in use. Donated tangible capital assets are recorded at fair value at the time of the donation.

Estimated useful lives of tangible capital assets are as follows:

Buildings	40 to 75 years
Equipment	15 to 25 years
Roads and Bridges	10 to 100 years
Other	15 to 50 years
Water and Other Utility Systems	10 to 100 years
Sewer	10 to 100 years
Drainage	10 to 100 years

d) Collection of Taxes on Behalf of Other Taxation Authorities:

The Village collects taxation on behalf of other entities. Such levies, other revenues, expenses, assets and liabilities with respect to the operations of these other entities are not reflected in these financial statements. Levies imposed by other taxing authorities are not included as taxes for municipal purposes.

e) Trust Funds:

Trust funds held in trust by the Village, and their related operations, are not included in these financial statements. The financial activity and position of the trust funds are reported separately (Note 14).

f) Retirement Benefits and Other Future Employee Benefit Plans:

The Village's contributions to its multi-employer defined benefit plan are expensed as incurred. The costs of other pensions and other retirement benefits that accumulate over the period of service provided by employees are determined using the projected benefit method prorated on services based on management's best estimate of retirement age, inflation rates, investment returns, wage and salary escalation, insurance and health care cost trends, employee turnover, and discount rates.

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CHARTERED PROPESSIONAL ACCOUNTABLES

Notes to the Financial Statements

December 31, 2019

1. Significant Accounting Policies (continued):

g) Revenue Recognition and Deferred Grants:

The Village recognizes taxes as assets and revenue when they meet the definition of an asset, are authorized by a legislature, council, or legislative convention, and the taxable event has occurred. Taxes are initially measured at management's best estimate of the amount resulting from the original taxable event in accordance with tax legislation. Taxes receivable are recognized net of allowance for anticipated uncollectible amounts.

Through the British Columbia Assessment's appeal process, taxes may be adjusted by way of supplementary roll adjustments. The affects of these adjustments on taxes are recognized at the time they are awarded. Levies imposed by regional district services and general administrative service and other taxing authorities are not included as taxes for municipal services.

Charges for sewer and water usage are recorded as user fees. Connection fee revenues are recognized when the connection has been established.

Government transfers, including legislative grants, are recognized as revenue when received, provided the transfers are authorized and any eligibility criteria has been met, except to the extent that transfer stipulations give rise to an obligation that meets the definition of a liability. Transfer revenue is recognized on the Statement of Operations as the stipulation liabilities are settled.

Sales of services and other revenue are recognized when the service is provided or the amount is earned, when the amount can be estimated, and when collection is reasonably assured. Amounts received in advance of services being rendered are recorded as unearned revenue until the Village discharges the obligation that led to the collection of the funds.

h) Unearned Revenue:

Revenues from prepaid taxes, the sale of business licenses, dog tags, recreation time and rental revenues pertaining to the subsequent year have been deferred. These amounts will be recognized as revenue in the next fiscal year.

i) Leases:

Leases are classified as capital or operating leases. A lease that transfers substantially all of the benefits and risks incidental to the ownership of property is classified as a capital lease. At the inception of a capital lease, an asset and an obligation are recorded at an amount equal to the lesser of the present value of the minimum lease payments and the property's fair value at the beginning of the lease. Assets recorded under capital leases are amortized on a straight line basis over the term of the lease that is the estimated useful lives of the assets. All other leases are accounted for as operating leases wherein rental payments are expensed as incurred.

i) Contaminated Sites:

Governments are required to accrue a liability for the costs to remediate a contaminated site. Liabilities are recognized when an environmental standard exists, contamination exceeds the standards, the government has responsibility for the remediation, future economic benefits will be given up and a reasonable estimate can be made.

Management has assessed its potential liabilities under the new standard including sites that are no longer in productive use and sites which the Village accepts responsibility. There were no such sites that had contamination in excess of an environmental standard which required remediation, therefore no liability was recognized as at December 31, 2019 or December 31, 2018.

CHAN NOWOSAD BOATES

Notes to the Financial Statements

December 31, 2019

1. Significant Accounting Policies (continued):

k) Financial Instruments:

Financial instruments consist of cash and portfolio investments, accounts receivable and accounts payable. Unless otherwise noted, it is management's opinion that the Village is not exposed to significant interest rate, currency or credit risk arising from these financial instruments.

l) Use of Estimates:

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with Canadian public sector accounting standards requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, as well as the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period.

Significant areas requiring the use of management estimates relates to the collectability of accounts receivable, valuation of investments, estimates of contingent liabilities, and the provision for amortization and the estimation of potential environmental liabilities. Actual results could differ from management's best estimates as additional information becomes available in the future.

2. Portfolio Investments:

	2019	2018
	\$	\$
Bank of Nova Scotia Business Investment Account	1,801,979	1,973,112
Money Market Funds - Municipal Finance Authority (MFA)	1,067,657	1,048,150
	2,869,636	3,021,262

The current average annual yield of the money market funds held with MFA as at December 31, 2019 was 1.86% (2018 - 1.65%). The funds are redeemable on demand. The investment held with the Bank of Nova Scotia is redeemable on demand and yields an annual average interest rate of 1.25% (2018 - 1.10%). These investments are carried at market value.

3. Accounts Receivable:

	2019	2018
	\$	\$
Government Transfers Receivable	75,110	462,374
Trade Receivable	5,966	7,464
GST Recoverable	63,518	92,810
Sundry	366	600
	144,960	563,248

Notes to the Financial Statements

December 31, 2019

4. Taxes and User Fees Receivable:

	2019	<u>20 8</u>
Taxes Receivable	1,963,556	1,177,690
Allowance for Doubtful Accounts	(1,817,328)	(138)
	146,228	1,177,552

5. Investment in NICFL and NICFLP:

The Village has a 33% ownership interest in North Island Community Forest Ltd. (NICFL) and North Island Community Forest Limited Partnership (NICFLP). The investments in NICFLP and NICFL are reported as a government business enterprise and accounted for using the modified equity method. Under this method, the government businesses' accounting principles are not adjusted to conform with those of the Village and intercorporate transactions are not eliminated.

As a government business enterprise, the NICFLP is required to report under International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS). In the prior and current year, the NICFLP financial statements were prepared under Canadian Accounting Standards for Private Enterprises (ASPE). Any differences between ASPE and IFRS would likely be insignificant in nature.

	2019	2018
	\$	\$
Investment in NICFL	1	1
Investment in NICFLP	5,000	5,000
Accumulated Net Equity Surplus - Beginning of Year	76,494	35,994
Share of Increase in Shareholders' Equity	989,018	40,500
Withdrawals During the Year	(708,613)	
Accumulated Net Equity Surplus - End of Year	361,900	81,495

The condensed supplementary financial statement information of the partnership is as follows:

	2019	2018
	\$	\$
Statement of Financial Position:		
Assets		
Cash and Receivables	1,132,061	286,576
Liabilities and Partners' Capital		
Trade and Other Payables	46,357	42,088
Total Partners' Capital	1,085,704	244,488
	1,132,061	286,576

Notes to the Financial Statements

2025 and onwards

December 31, 2019

5. Investment in NICFL and NICFLP (continued):

The condensed supplementary financial statement information of the partnership is as follows (continued):

		2019	2010
		\$	2018 \$
Statement of Comprehensive Income:		Ψ	Ψ
Revenue		3,029,866	151,215
Expenditures	4	62,813	51,742
Net Income		2,967,053	99,473
Partners' Capital:			
Partnership Units		65,491	37,819
Cumulative Withdrawals		(5,678,029)	(3,552,192)
Retained Earnings - End of Year		6,698,241	3,758,860
		1,085,704	244,488
6. Deferred Grants and Unearned Revenue:			
		2019	2018
	-	\$	\$
Prepaid Property Taxes		19,897	17,817
Provincial Government		6,500	18,446
Community Centre Deposits		4,571	4,351
Rural Dividend Grant		9	7,278
Tax Sale Proceeds			
		30,968	47,892
7. Long Term Debt:			
		2019	2018
	_	\$	\$
Community Centre Upgrade: Repayable at \$33,907 per year including interest at 2.0% per to the Municipal Financial Authority of British Columbia;	annum		
Matures in October 2036	-	467,008	485,967
Future principal payments required on long-term debt are as	follows: \$		
2020	19,718		
2021	20,506		
2022	21,326		
2023	22,179		
2024	23,066		
2025 and anwards	260,212		

360,213 467,008

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CHARTERED PROFESSIONAL ACCOUNT ANTS

Notes to the Financial Statements

December 31, 2019

8. Contingent Liabilities:

- (a) The Village is responsible as a member of the Regional District of Mount Waddington for its share of any operating deficits or long-term debt related to functions in which it participates. Management has assessed the risks as unlikely at this time therefore no provision has been recorded in the financial statements.
- (b) The Village is partially self-insured through the Municipal Insurance Association of British Columbia. Should the Association pay out claims in excess of premiums received, it is possible that the Village along with the other participants, would be required to contribute towards the deficit.

9. Tangible Capital Assets:

	Cost					Accumulated Amortization				Net Book Value		
	Opening \$	Additions \$	Disposals \$	Transfer \$	s Closing	Opening \$	Amort \$	Disposals \$	Closing \$	2019	2018	
Land	841,186	92	3	_	841,186	.00				841,186	841,186	
Buildings	3,859,093	17		-	3,859,093	2.185,226	127,424	*	2,312,650	1,546,443	1,673,867	
Equipment	1,332,948	70,013			1,402,961	814,889	67,768	90	882,657	520,304	518,059	
Roads and Bridges	3,929,815	196	9.	-	3,929,815	2,399,924	74,015		2,473,939	1,455,876	1,529,891	
Other	1,096,535	39	- 1	-	1,096,535	394,384	47,188	27	441,572	654,963	702,151	
Water Infrastructure	1,451,936	52	1	-	1,451,936	362,363	20,218		382,581	1,069,355	1,089,573	
Sewer Infrastructure	1,945,699	398,273	- 3	966,884	3,310,856	717,036	96,842		813,878	Z,496,978	1,228,663	
Drainage	330,869		35	-	330,869	219,374	4,619	95	223,993	106,876	111,495	
Work in Progress	1,490,558	254,719		(966,884)	778,393	-			-	778,393	1,490,558	
	16,278,639	723,005			17,001,644	7,093,196	138,074	1	7,531,270	9,470,374	9,185,443	

Notes to the Financial Statements

December 31, 2019

10. Accumulated Surplus:

The Village segregates its accumulated surplus into the following categories:

	2019	2018
	\$	\$
Current Fund	2,254,966	3,462,800
Reserve Funds (a)	1,248,247	1,034,287
Investment in Non-Financial Assets (b)	9,472,721	9,206,890
	12,975,934	13,703,977

(a) Reserve Funds

Reserve Funds represent funds set aside by Bylaw or Council resolution for specific purposes. Details of reserve funds are shown below.

(b) Investment in Non-Financial Assets

The investment in non-financial assets represents amounts already spent and invested in infrastructure and other non-financial assets.

Details of Reserve Funds are as follows:

	2019	2018
	\$	\$
Capital Works Reserve (a)	243,791	234,792
Statutory Reserve (b)	115,603	113,529
Fire Protection Capital Reserve (c)	116,071	105,060
Gas Tax Treatment - Community Works (d)	772,782	580,906
	1,248,247	1,034,287

(a) Capital Works Reserve

The Capital Works Reserve was established by Bylaw 487 to provide for new works, extensions or renewals of existing works, and to provide for machinery and equipment necessary for capital projects, for the maintenance of municipal property, or for the protection of persons and property. Money from the sale of land, current revenue, or from the General Operating fund surpluses may be paid into the Capital Works Reserve.

(b) Statutory Reserve

The Statutory Reserve was established by Bylaw 528 for the purpose of setting aside funds on an annual basis to purchase machinery and equipment.

(c) Fire Protection Capital Reserve

The Fire Protection Capital Reserve was established by Bylaw 607 for the purpose of setting aside funds on an annual basis to purchase fire protection equipment.

(d) Gas Tax Agreement - Community Works

The Gas Tax Agreement - Community Works consists of \$772,782 that remained unspent as at December 31, 2019 plus additional receipts of \$173,769 (2018 - \$90,695) and interest earnings of \$10,449 (2018 - \$5,182) in 2019. During 2019 eligible expenditures of \$30,868 were made (2018 - \$28,817). The unspent amount will remain in the reserve until spent on eligible projects.

CHAN NOWOSAD BOATES
CHARTERED PROFESSIONAL ACCOUNTANTS

Notes to the Financial Statements

December 31, 2019

11. Taxation - Net:

	Budget		
	2019	2019	2018
	\$	\$	\$
General Municipal Purposes	876,700	873,678	1,103,774
Collections for Other Governments			
Regional District of Mt. Waddington	æ	127,841	125,764
Province of British Columbia - School Tax	971	307,859	316,691
Regional Hospital District		51,050	50,870
Municipal Finance Authority	14.5	33	32
British Columbia Assessment Authority	(#)	17,058	17,362
Province of BC - Police Tax		49,806	49.758
	876,700	1,427,325	1,664,251
Transfers			
Regional District of Mt. Waddington	5.	127,841	125,772
Province of British Columbia - School Tax	-	306,446	314,310
Regional Hospital Districts	145	51,050	50,873
Municipal Finance Authority	(#);	33	32
British Columbia Assessment Authority	-	17,058	17,362
Province of BC - Police Tax		49,806	49,758
	*	552,234	558,107
Available for General Municipal Purposes	876,700	875,091	1,106,144

12. Other Revenue:

	2019	2018
	\$	\$
Investment Income	57,907	44,206
Tax Penalties - Interest and Fees	147,867	106,516
Parking and Moorage	20,824	14,389
Recreation	4,187	4,828
Business Licenses	4,630	5,195
Other	17,942	29,018
	253.357	204,152

Notes to the Financial Statements

December 31, 2019

13. Pension Plan:

The Village and its employees contribute to the Municipal Pension Plan (the "Plan"), a jointly-trusted pension plan. The Board of Trustees, representing plan members and employers, is responsible for administering the Plan, including investment of the assets and administration of the benefits. The Plan is a multi-employer defined benefit pension plan. Basic pension benefits are based on a formula. As at December 31, 2018 the Plan had about 205,000 active members and approximately 101,000 retired members. Active members include approximately 40,000 contributors from local government.

Every three years, an actuarial valuation is performed to assess the financial position of the plan and adequacy of plan funding. The actuary determines an appropriate combined employer and member contribution rate to fund the Plan. The actuary's calculated contribution rate is based on the entry-age normal cost method, which produces the long-term rate of member and employer contributions sufficient to provide benefits for average future entrants to the Plan. This rate is then adjusted for the amortization of any actuarial funding surplus and will be adjusted for the amortization of any unfunded actuarial liability.

The most recent valuation for the Municipal Pension Plan as at December 31, 2018, indicated a \$2,866 million funding surplus for basic pension benefits on a going concern basis.

The Village paid \$39,083 (2018 - \$42,158) for employer contributions, while employees contributed \$34,889 (2018 - \$37,971) to the Plan in fiscal 2019.

The next valuation will be as at December 31, 2021, with results available in 2022.

Employers participating in the Plan record their pension expense as the amount of the employer contributions made during the fiscal year (defined contributions pension plan accounting). This is because the Plan records accrued liabilities and accrued assets for the Plan in aggregate, resulting in no consistent and reliable basis for allocating the obligation, assets and cost to individual employers participating in the Plan.

14. Trust Funds:

(a) Ford Memorial Trust Fund

As at December 31, 2019, the Village held \$6,450 (2018 - \$9,250) in trust for the Ford Memorial Trust Fund. The transactions and balances of this fund are not reported elsewhere in these financial statements.

(b) Cemetery Trust Fund

The Cemetery Reserve is established pursuant to the provision of the Community Charter. Monies in the reserve can be used for cemetery purposes only. A balance of \$1,770 (2018 - \$1,770) was held as at December 31, 2019 and is not reported elsewhere in these financial statements.

15. Commitments:

The Village has entered into an agreement for services with North Island Waste Management Limited for residential garbage pick up and disposal services at an approximate average annual cost of \$76,000. The five year contract expires July 15, 2020 and has no option to renew.

Notes to the Financial Statements

December 31, 2019

16. Fiscal Plan:

The Fiscal Plan amounts represent the Financial Plan Bylaw adopted by Council on April 24, 2019.

The budget anticipated use of surpluses accumulated in previous years to balance against current expenditures in excess of current year revenues. In addition, the budget anticipated capital expenditures rather than amortization expense. The following schedule reconciles the approved Bylaw to the amounts presented in the financial statements.

	2019
	\$
Financial Plan (Budget) By-Law Approved for the Year	
Add:	
Capital Expenditures	1,002,000
Less:	
Budgeted Transfers from Accumulated Surplus	(403,020)
Amortization	(438,074)
Annual Surplus Presented in Financial Statements	160,906

17. Segmented Information:

The Village is a diversified municipal government institution that provides a wide range of services to its citizens such as recreation, fire, sewer, water, and solid waste. Distinguishable functional segments have been separately disclosed in the segmented information in Schedules 2 and 3. The nature of the segments and activities they encompass are as follows:

General Government

General Government relates to the revenues and expenses of the operations of the Village public safety building and other costs that cannot be directly attributed to a specific segment, including general, administrative, legislative, and fiscal services.

Volunteer Fire Department

Volunteer Fire Department is comprised of fire protection services. The fire department is responsible to provide fire suppression services, fire prevention programs, training and education. The members of the fire department consist of volunteers.

Public Works Department

The Public Works Department is responsible for the maintenance of roads, parks and playgrounds, the cemetery, and street lighting services.

Environmental Health Services

Environmental Health Services is comprised of municipal and contract services. The Village and the contractors work with other levels of government, at the Provincial and Regional levels, and the citizens to provide a safe healthy environment for the people and wildlife.

Recreation Services, Arena, Community Centre and Sea View Activity Centre

These service areas provide services meant to improve health and development of the Village's citizens. Recreational programs and cultural programs are provided at the Arena, Community Centre, and the Angus Dawson Memorial Ball Field.

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Notes to the Financial Statements

December 31, 2019

17. Segmented Information (continued):

Water Utility

Water Utility provides distribution of water to residents.

Sewer Utility

Sewer Utility includes the provision of sanitary sewer collection by providing and maintaining pipes, manholes, culverts and sewer treatment.

18. Prior Period Adjustments:

In the current year, the Village determined that certain classes of capital assets had not been amortized according to the Village policy. The Village also determined that eligible expenditures for the UBCM Emergency Social Services grant received in the current year had been incurred in fiscal 2018 and the receivable had not been appropriately recorded. As a result, the Village has elected to correct these issues by making the following adjustments:

- (a) To adjust amortization and capital asset balances to agree to the schedule maintained by the Village as at December 31, 2017, the Village adjusted Capital Asset Cost, Capital Asset Accumulated Amortization, and closing Accumulated Surplus. Adjustments resulted in a net decrease to Tangible Capital Assets and Opening Accumulated Surplus of \$105,119.
- (b) To adjust amortization and capital asset balances to agree to the schedule maintained by the Village as at December 31, 2018, the Village adjusted Capital Asset Cost, Capital Asset Accumulated Amortization, and closing Accumulated Surplus. Adjustments Resulted in a net increase to Tangible Capital Assets of \$35,096, amortization expense decreased by \$32,330 and Accumulated Surplus Decreased by \$3,190.
- (c) To recognize UBCM Emergency Social Services grant funding revenue and the balance receivable as at December 31, 2018, the Village has adjusted Revenues and Accounts Receivable and as a result, the closing Accumulated Surplus balance has increased. Provincial Grant Revenue and Accounts Receivable each increased by \$16,976.

As a result of the above adjustments, the net impact on the December 31, 2018 balances are as follows:

	Reported 2018 \$	Roads \$	Water \$	Sewer \$	Buildings \$	Other \$	UBCM \$	Adjusted 2018
Statement of Financial Position	-		*	-	4	*	*	
Tangible Capital Assets	9,261,422	(56,216)	29,114	(45,688)	2,767	(5,956)	*2	9,185,443
Accumulated Surplus - Opening	(12,963,893)	56,216	3,216	45,688	(2,767)	5,956		(12,855,584)
Accounts Receivable	546,272	-					16,976	563,248
Statement of Operations			32,330	·	*		16,976	
Government Grants - Provincial	912,820		*	- 3	**		16,976	929,796
Expenditures - Water System Operations Surplus	799,087	A COST (-by the transplantage state	(32,330) 32,330	(4)		Lambert and the co	16,976	80,521 848,393

Certain 2018 comparative figures have been reclassified, where necessary, to conform with the financial statement presentation adopted in the current year.

Notes to the Financial Statements

December 31, 2019

19. Subsequent Events:

The Village evaluated its December 31, 2019 financial statements for subsequent events to the date the financial statements were issued. As of this date, the global outbreak of the coronavirus disease (COVID-19) has caused economic uncertainties that are likely to have a material negative impact on the net income of the Village for the year ending December 31, 2020.

The COVID-19 outbreak has caused business disruptions through the reduction of non-essential services provided by the Village. While the disruption is expected to be temporary and the Village continues to provide essential services, there is considerable uncertainty regarding the duration of the disruption to non-essential services. Additionally, there is uncertainty regarding the collectability of taxation revenues for the year ending December 31, 2020 as the effect of the pandemic on the residents of the Village and the economy as a whole is not yet known. The extent that the effects of COVID-19 may have on the Village and its operations during the year ending December 31, 2020 cannot be determined at this time.

On April 14, 2020 the Supreme Court of British Columbia granted an Order declaring Neucel Specialty Cellulose Ltd. bankrupt. On this date, the court also appointed PricewaterhouseCoopers Inc. as a Trustee in bankruptcy and as Receiver of the assets, undertakings and properties of Neucel. No impact on the fiscal 2020 net income of the Village is anticipated as a result of this bankruptcy order, as all receivables for Neucel have been deemed uncollectible at the end of the current year and allowed for.

Schedule 1 - Government Grants to the Village and Ratepayers Year Ended December 31, 2019

	20	2019	
	Budget \$	Actual \$	2018 \$
Federal Government			
Grants in Lieu of Taxes	4,000	5,126	4,352
Water Capital Fund Water Tank		5 .	198,005
Sewer Capital Fund Building Canada Fund	~	69,333	132,337
	4,000	74,459	334,694
Province of British Columbia			
General Fund			
Small Communities Protection	310,000	326,590	318,559
Rural Dividend Grant	*	19,224	486,939
Other	12,000	11,854	33,603
	322,000	357,668	839,101
General Capital Fund			
Gas Tax	86,000	173,769	90,695
Water Reservoir	439,980		
	525,980	173,769	90,695
	847,980	531,437	929,796

Schedule 2 - Combined Statement of Operations by Segment Year Ended December 31, 2019

	General Government	Volunteer Fire Department	Public Works Department	Environment Ifealth Services	aí Recreation Services	Arena	Community Contro	Sea View Activity Centre	Water Utility	Sewor Utility	2019 Acmat	2019 (Plan (Note 16)
Revenues												
General Taxes Grants - Federal	N75 U91 74 159	8	- 8	3			- 8	*			H75,091 74 459	876,700 4 000
Grants - Penymetal Utility Charges	531 437	- 0		- 8	3	8	- 8	- 8	64,217	143 360	331 437 208,077	847,980 203,000
Sales of Services Other Revenue	247 882	- 1	- 0	67 072	28.70n	10, 100	į.	10	5 229	246	106 162 253 357	73,500
Equity Income from North Island Community Forest	282.018 2.717.887				28,700	10,490			69,946	143,606	989.018 3,037,701	2,125,680
Expenditures												
Goods and Services Lubnur Interest and Bank Charges	1 932_163 264,357 5 190	36,684 20_371	153 433 253 512	109 B98 47 176	17314 98,669	61,793 17,672	11.894 15.974 14.948	3.011	13.505 12.508	132,878 27,918	2,553,645 758,597 20,138	740:000 747:800 JR:900
Anrorttzution	115,0 <u>13</u> 116,953	BZ,320	32,506 439,451	157,483	6,711 (5),230	113,621	79,939 172,693	1,613	20,518 95,811	262,257	438,074 1,770,454	438,074 1,964,774
	400,934	(A2 320)	(439,451)	(90,411)	(121,530)	(105,131)	(127,693)	(J, (0,1))	2,113	(118,651)	(732,753)	160,906
Gain on Disposition of Property	4,710	-					3.6	-		man resource to the effect	1,710	
Annual Surplus (Deficit)	105,644	(82,170)	(417,(51)	(90,111)	(124,530)	(105,131)	(122,695)	(3,613)	3,115	(118,511)	(728,043)	160,206

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Schedule 3 - Combined Statement of Operations by Segment Year Ended December 31, 2018

	General Government	Volunteer Fire Ocpaminent	Public Works Departmen	Environmen Health Services	lal Recreation Services	Arena	Community Centre	Sea View Activity Centre	Water Utility	Sewer Utility	2018 Actual	2018 Plan \$
Revenues												
General Taxes	1_106,144	*3	·	19	190	-	- 5	15	Vac	T.	1,106,144	1,105,860
Grants - Federal	334,694	2.0					13		()		334 694	4,000
Grants - Provincial	929,796	40		9		9	1.0	100	,		929,796	956,180
Utility Charges	1.27					4.14		1.5	64,958	136,527	201,485	199,000
Sales of Services	2,000	40		64 760	21 734	7 134		1.0			93 62R	69 300
Other Revenue Equity Income (Loss) from	196,761	77			1.73		7	- 12	4,615	2,776	204,152	101,900
North Island Community Forest	40,500 2,607,895			64.760	21.734	7.134			69,573	139,303	40.500 2,910.299	2,426,240
Expenditures												
Goods and Services	111,269	28,171	150,245	103,580	48,481	85,428	18,346	5,114	38,317	114,398	723,349	M71_630
Interest and Bank Charges	295,844	17,806	234,295	49_877	71.144	47,349	22,176		21,686	£80,6£	793,830	891,550
Amurtization	5,351	11.400		1000	-		16,379	- 25	20.510	17.707	21,730	38,900
Milloruzaddii	117,521 539,985	24,599	10,096	409	6,777	36,136	99,940	* 111	20.518	33,203	.169,219	101,549
	349,767	70,576	414,636	153,866	126,402	168,933	176,841	5,114	80,521	181,354	7,508,136	2,203,629
	2,077,910	(70 176)	(414,636)	(89,106)	(104,668)	(161,799)	(176,841)	(5.(14)	(10,948)	(41,951)	1,002,271	232,611
Loss on Dispusition of Tangible Capital Assets				<u>.</u>	<u>.</u>				_0.52.8780		(153,678)	
Annual Surplus (Deficit)	2,077,919	(70,576)	HH.630	(89, (06)	(104,668)	(161,799)	1176,8410	(2.119)	1164,826)	(41,951)	\$40,393	232,611

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Schedule 4 - Reserve Fund Transactions Year Ended December 31, 2019

	Capital Works Machinery and			Economic	Total	T'otal
	Equipment \$	Hall \$	Rec Centre \$	Development \$	2019	2018 \$
Balance, Beginning of Year	234,792	113,529	105,060	580,906	1,034,287	937,231
Interest Eurned	4,290	2,074	1,920	10,449	18,733	9,280
Transfer From Other Funds	4,709	*	9,091	212,295	226,095	116,593
Used for Capital Expenditures	•			(30.868)	_(30,868)	(28.817)
Balance, End of Year	243.791	115,603	116.071	772.782	1.248.247	1,034,287

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